

ANSWER PRESENTATION TOOL

Algebra 2 - Student Edit

4

7 - Practice

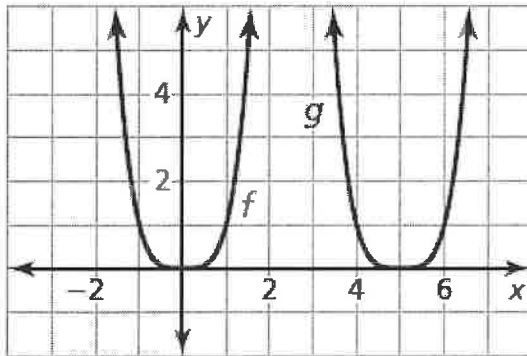
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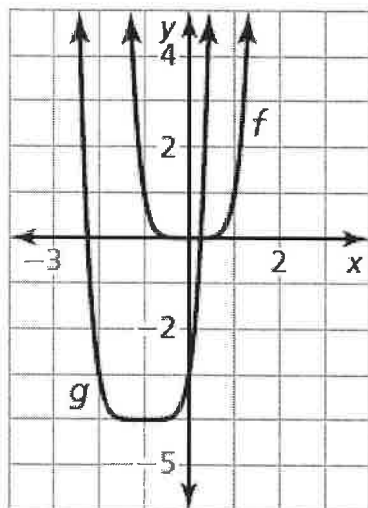
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2. Notice that the function is of the form $g(x) = (x - h)^4 + k$.
Rewrite the function to identify h and k , $g(x) = (x - 5)^4 + 0$.
Because $h = 5$ and $k = 0$, the graph of g is a translation
5 units right of the graph of f .



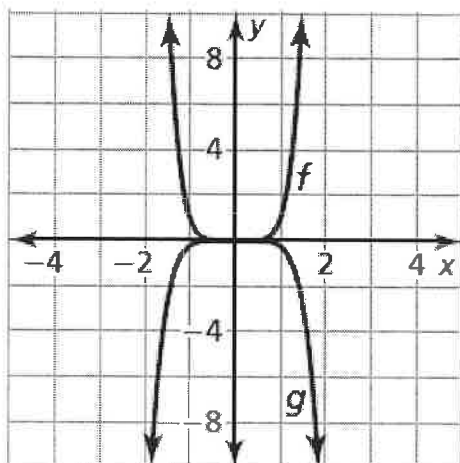
4. Notice that the function is of the form $g(x) = (x - h)^6 + k$. Rewrite the function to identify h and k ,
 $g(x) = (x - (-1))^6 + (-4)$. Because $h = -1$ and $k = -4$, the graph of g is a translation 1 unit left and 4 units down of the graph of f .



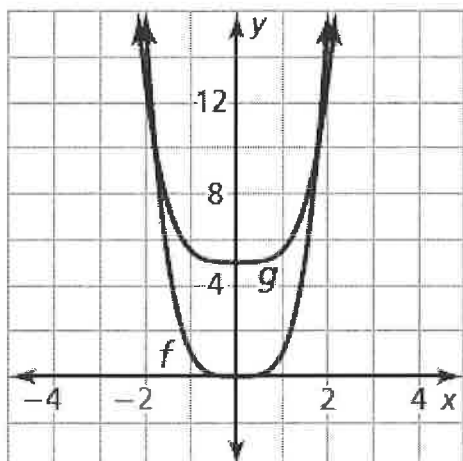
6. C; The graph of f is translated 2 units left and 2 units up.

8. A; The graph of f is translated 2 units down.

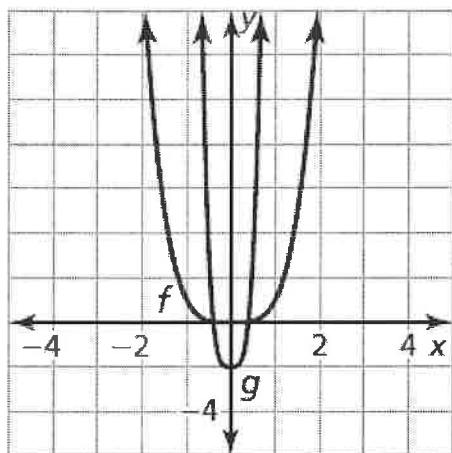
10. Notice that the function is of the form $g(x) = ax^6$, where $a = -\frac{1}{4}$. So, the graph of g is a vertical shrink by a factor of $\frac{1}{4}$ followed by a reflection in the x -axis of the graph of f .



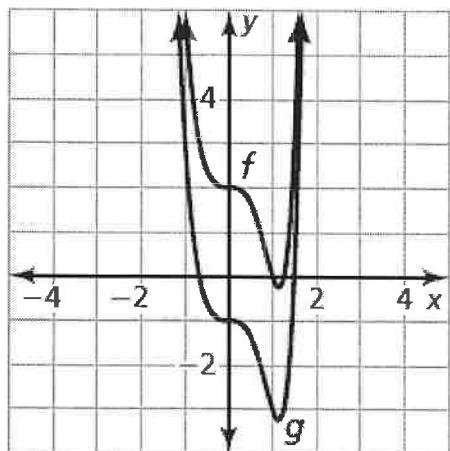
12. Notice that the function is of the form $g(x) = ax^4 + k$, where $a = \frac{1}{2}$ and $k = 5$. So, the graph of g is a vertical shrink by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ followed by a translation 5 units up of the graph of f .



14. Notice that the function is of the form $g(x) = (ax)^4 + k$, where $a = 3$ and $k = -2$. So, the graph of g is a horizontal shrink by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$ followed by a translation 2 units down of the graph of f .

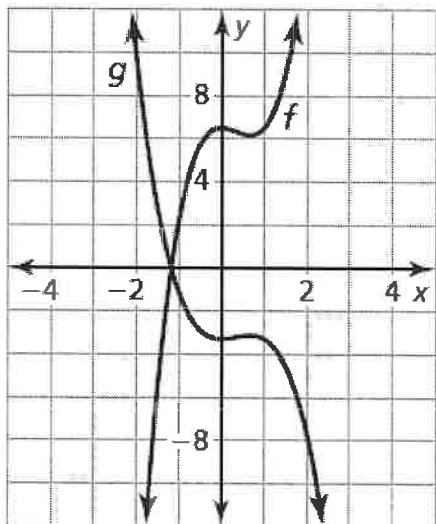


$$\begin{aligned}
 16. \quad g(x) &= f(x) - 3 \\
 &= (x^6 - 3x^3 + 2) - 3 \\
 &= x^6 - 3x^3 - 1
 \end{aligned}$$



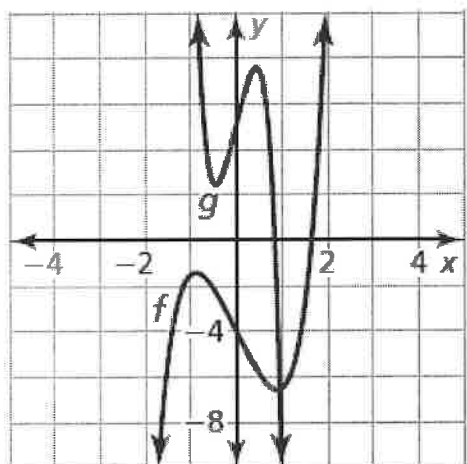
The graph of g is a translation 3 units down of the graph of f .

$$18. \quad g(x) = -x^3 + x^2 - 3$$



The graph of g is a vertical shrink by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$, followed by a reflection in the x -axis of the graph of f .

$$\begin{aligned}
 20. \quad g(x) &= -f(2x) + 1 \\
 &= -\left[\frac{1}{2}(2x)^5 + (2x)^3 - 4(2x) - 4\right] + 1 \\
 &= -[16x^5 + 8x^3 - 8x - 4] + 1 \\
 &= -16x^5 - 8x^3 + 8x + 4 + 1 \\
 &= -16x^5 - 8x^3 + 8x + 5
 \end{aligned}$$



The graph of g is a horizontal shrink by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$, followed by a reflection in the x -axis and a translation 1 unit up of the graph of f .

22. The factor of the horizontal shrink is incorrect; The graph of g is a horizontal shrink by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$ followed by a translation 4 units down of the graph of f .

24. Step 1 First write a function h that represents the vertical stretch of f .

$$\begin{aligned} h(x) &= 2f(x) \\ &= 2(x^4 + 2x + 6) \\ &= 2x^4 + 4x + 12 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2 Then write a function g that represents the translation of h .

$$\begin{aligned} g(x) &= h(x - 4) \\ &= 2(x - 4)^4 + 4(x - 4) + 12 \\ &= 2(x^4 - 16x^3 + 96x^2 - 256x + 256) + 4x - 16 + 12 \\ &= 2x^4 - 32x^3 + 192x^2 - 512x + 512 + 4x - 4 \\ &= 2x^4 - 32x^3 + 192x^2 - 508x + 508 \end{aligned}$$

The transformed function is

$$g(x) = 2x^4 - 32x^3 + 192x^2 - 508x + 508.$$

26. Step 1 First write a function h that represents the reflection and vertical stretch of f .

$$\begin{aligned} h(x) &= 3f(-x) \\ &= 3(2(-x)^5 - (-x)^3 + (-x)^2 + 4) \\ &= 3(-2x^5 + x^3 + x^2 + 4) \\ &= -6x^5 + 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 12 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2 Then write a function g that represents the translation of h .

$$\begin{aligned} g(x) &= h(x) + (-1) \\ &= h(x) - 1 \\ &= (-6x^5 + 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 12) - 1 \\ &= -6x^5 + 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 11 \end{aligned}$$

The transformed function is $g(x) = -6x^5 + 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 11$.