Use the composition of functions to determine whether f and g are inverses of one another.

1. 
$$f(x) = -2x + 5; g(x) = \frac{x-5}{-2}$$
  
2.  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+5}; g(x) = x^3 - 5$ 

3. 
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x - 6; g(x) = \frac{3}{2}x + 8$$
  
4.  $f(x) = \frac{4}{5}x + 6; g(x) = \frac{5}{4}x - \frac{15}{2}$ 

Find the inverse function of the one-to-one function given.

5. 
$$f(x) = \{(-2,1), (-1,4), (0,5), (2,9), (5,15)\}$$
  
6.  $g(x) = \{(-2,30), (-1,11), (0,4), (1,3), (2,2)\}$ 

Find the inverse of each function, then state the domain and range of  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

7. 
$$f(x) = 3x - 5$$
  
8.  $f(x) = \frac{x - 5}{2}$   
9.  $f(x) = x^3 + 3$   
10.  $f(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x + 3}$ 

11. The function s(x) = 2x + 24 can be used to convert a U.S. women's shoes size into an Italian women's shoe size. Determine the function  $s^{-1}(x)$  that can be used to convert an Italian women's shoe size to it equivalent U.S. shoe size.

12. A clothing merchant uses the function  $S(x) = \frac{3}{2}x + 18$  to determine the retail selling price *S*, in dollars, of a

winter coat for which she has paid a wholesale price of x dollars. The merchant paid a wholesale price of \$96 for a winter coat. Use S to deter

- a. The merchant paid a wholesale price of \$96 for a winter coat. Use *S* to determine the retail selling price she will charge for this coat.
- b. Find  $S^{-1}$  and use it to determine the merchant's wholesale price for a coat that retails at \$399.